

TM65

Mid-level Report



GCW2HT + GCWWS2 + GTTS2: Glide (Wall Sited) Cold Well (No Gantry) + S.Steel Tray Rail 2-1Gn

Assessment Date 08/04/2026

Manufacturer CED Fabrications

Contact Email sales@cedlimited.com

Metrics

Embodied Carbon

1,222 kgCO2e

Embodied Carbon Footprint

Material

Manufacture

Transport

Refrigerant

Waste

Disposal

Product Information	
Capacity of equipment/size (kW; m3; litres; etc.)	N/A
Product weight (kg)	103 kg
Material % breakdown for at least 95% of the product weight? (Y/N)	Y
Product service life (years)	10
If refrigerant based, type of refrigerant used and GWP	No refrigerant, Propane (R 290), 0.04 kgCO2e
Refrigerant charge (kg)	0.285 kg
Energy consumption of the factory* per unit of product	119 kWh
Location of manufacture*	N/A
Product complexity category	3

Embodied carbon results (kg CO2e) – breakdown	
A1: Material extraction	593 kgCO2e
A2: Transport	81 kgCO2e
A3: Manufacturing	129 kgCO2e
A4: Transport to site	4 kgCO2e
A5: Construction	N/A
B1: Refrigerant leakage during use	0.23 kgCO2e
B2: Maintenance (if information given by manufacturer)	N/A
B3: Repair	98 kgCO2e
B4: Replacement	N/A
B5: Refurbishment	N/A
B6: Operational energy	N/A
B7: Operational water	N/A
C1: Refrigerant leakage when decommissioning	0.01 kgCO2e
C2: Transport	1 kgCO2e
C3: Waste processing	32 kgCO2e
C4: Disposal	0.51 kgCO2e

Embodied carbon results (kg CO2e) – without refrigerant leakage	
A1–C4 without buffer factor (excluding B1, C1)	939 kgCO2e
A1–C4 with buffer factor (excluding B1, C1)	1221 kgCO2e

Embodied carbon result (kg CO2e) – refrigerant leakage only	
B1 (refrigerant leakage during use) + C1 (refrigerant leakage at end of life)	0 kgCO2e

Embodied carbon result with 'mid-level' calculation method – total	
Result of 'mid-level' calculation method	1,222 kgCO2e

Assumptions	
A1: Material carbon coefficient source	CIBSE TM65, Table 2.1
B1: Refrigerant annual leakage rate (%)	N/A
C1: Refrigerant end of life recovery rate (%)	N/A
B3: Materials replaced as part of repair (%)	13
C4: Percentage of product going to landfill (%)	55